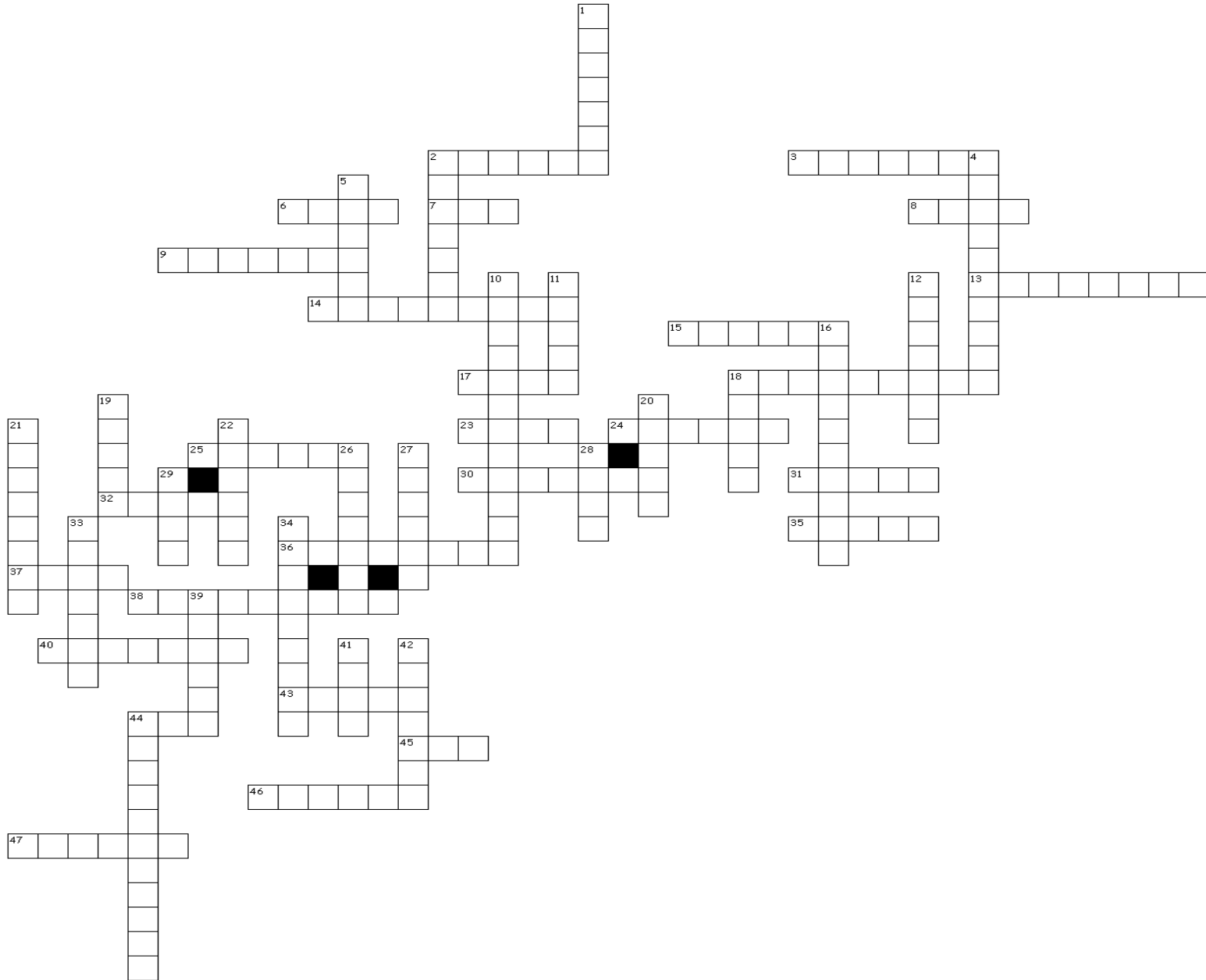


PUZZLE 10: Crossword Puzzle – ANIMALS



PUZZLE 10: Crossword Puzzle – ANIMALS

ACROSS

2. The ____ held several positions in Egyptian mythology.
3. The largest of the living primates, the ____ is a ground-dwelling omnivore that inhabits the forests of Africa.
6. They are reputed to be willing to eat almost anything. The digestive systems of a ____ allow nearly any organic substance to be broken down and used as nutrients.
7. Normally they are extremely wary of humans and are not kept as pets. However, the silver ____ was successfully domesticated in Russia after a 45-year selective breeding program.
8. In its common modern meaning, a ____ is the offspring of a male donkey and a female horse, which is classified as a kind of F1 hybrid.
9. The Canadian quarter features a depiction of a ____ on one face.
13. The ____'s horn is prized for medicinal and magical powers in many places.
14. The ____ gets its name from the Greeks who observed them in the Nile River.
15. The Saskatchewan Wildlife Federation sponsored a 12-week "____ derby" in 2002, in an effort to reduce what it considered an overpopulation of them.
17. ____ have lived and worked with humans in so many roles that their loyalty has earned them the unique sobriquet "man's best friend".
18. In residential neighborhoods ____ are notorious for eating out of bird feeders, digging in potted plants either to bury or recover seeds, and for inhabiting sheltered areas including attics.
23. A ____ sometimes seems heavier than it actually is because of its bulky coat, which is made of two layers. The first consists of tough guard hairs designed to repel water and dirt. The second layer is a dense, water-resistant undercoat that insulates.
24. Unlike horse fur, ____ fur is not waterproof, and so they must have shelter when it rains.
25. ____ pelts were used for barter by Native Americans in the 17th century to gain European goods.
30. ____ are the largest indigenous animals that are mostly carnivorous in Great Britain.
31. The ____ is a part of the horse family, native to central, eastern and southern Africa. They are most well known for their distinctive black and white stripes.
32. Today ____ are found only in tropical climates, but during the Ice Age, they penetrated as far north as the Bering land bridge.
35. An average ____ eats 500 grams of eucalypt leaves each day, chewing them in its powerful jaws to a very fine paste before swallowing. They spend about three of their five active hours eating.
36. ____ are truly opportunistic hunters, as they hunt about 90 different species of animals. They will eat just about any animal. Their diet consists mostly of ungulates and monkeys, but rodents, reptiles, amphibians, birds, fish, are also eaten.
37. ____ are large and heavy set breeds of cattle trained as draft animals. Often they are adult, castrated males. Usually they are over four years old due to the need for training and to allow it to grow to full size.

PUZZLE 10: Crossword Puzzle – ANIMALS

ACROSS (continued)

38. They are attracted to roads in areas where rock salt is used to melt ice and snow, and are known to gnaw on vehicle tires or wiring coated in road salt. Salt licks placed nearby can prevent ____ damage.
40. The ____ is widely distributed across Australia, particularly in more remote, heavily timbered, or rugged areas. The great semi-arid plains are better suited to the larger, leaner, and more fleet-footed kangaroos.
43. The ____ is regarded as the king of the jungle in most parts of Asia. It has long been a subject of imaginative literature.
44. The Tabby ____ is striped, with a variety of patterns. Tabbies are so ubiquitous that many people think of them as a breed. Rather, tabby is a color pattern - most often stripes, but sometimes stripes and whorls, or even spots and stripes.
45. The ____ or wapiti, is the second largest species of deer in the world.
46. One of the main uses for ____ at the time of the Spanish conquest was to bring down ore from the mines in the mountains.
47. The ____ is the largest of the small cats and has the largest range of any wild cat in the world.

DOWN

1. ____ can make good companion animals and can be tamed by hand feeding, but can sometimes become aggressive.
2. Known as one of the "big five" in Africa, the African ____ is widely regarded as a very dangerous animal.
4. There are only two countries on Earth that have ____: the United States and China.
5. The ____ is a largely solitary, stalk-and-ambush predator, and is opportunistic in prey selection.
10. The ____ is a semi-aquatic mammal, inhabiting rivers and lakes in sub-Saharan Africa in large groups of up to 40. During the day they remain cool by staying in the water or mud.
11. Around the world many children have stuffed animals in the form of ____.
12. A number of countries have used ____ as part of their space exploration programmes, including the United States and France. The first was Albert II in 1949.
16. There are a number of legends about ____ stamping out fire. The story seems to have been common in Malaysia, India, and Burma.
18. The raising of ____ for wool and meat became a major industry in colonial Australia and New Zealand and remains significant.
19. ____ milk is a staple food of desert nomad tribes and is richer in fat and protein than cow's milk.
20. The senses of a ____ are generally superior to those of a human. As prey animals, they must be aware of their surroundings at all times.
21. The ____ is an Australian icon. They have few natural predators.
22. In winter, the coat of the long-tailed ____, molts into white in the northern parts of its range. This white fur is known as "ermine".

PUZZLE 10: Crossword Puzzle – ANIMALS

DOWN (continued)

26. Many people are surprised when the ____ that they usually think of as cute or cuddly raids their campsite at night and makes odd growls and fights viciously over scraps of food left out by campers.
27. The ____ is able to go for long periods without food, but will eat heavily when prey is abundant. Their tracks show four toes and no claw marks, due to retractable claws.
28. ____ differ from other ruminants in that they have antlers instead of horns.
29. ____ have one stomach, with four compartments.
33. A ____ hunts by vision rather than by scent.
34. ____ communicate over long distances by producing and receiving low-frequency sound, which can travel through the ground farther than sound travels through the air.
39. In the folklore of the United States, a ____'s foot is frequently carried as an amulet, and is often used as a key chain, where it is thought to bring luck.
41. Because of their foraging abilities and excellent sense of smell, ____ are used to find truffles in many European countries.
42. The Pilgrim Fathers brought farmed ____ with them from England, descendants of the original Mexican domesticated ones introduced into Europe by the Spanish, not realizing that they occurred wild in America.
44. In July 1960, Jane Goodall set out to Tanzania's Gombe forest to live among them. Her discovery that ____ made and used tools was groundbreaking, as humans were previously believed to be the only species to do so.

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